

XORP: An eXtensible Open R Platform

International Computer Science Institute

The Project

- Started January 2001
- Sponsors
 - Intel
 - National Science Foundation (Award ANI-0129
 - DARPA (Control Plane)

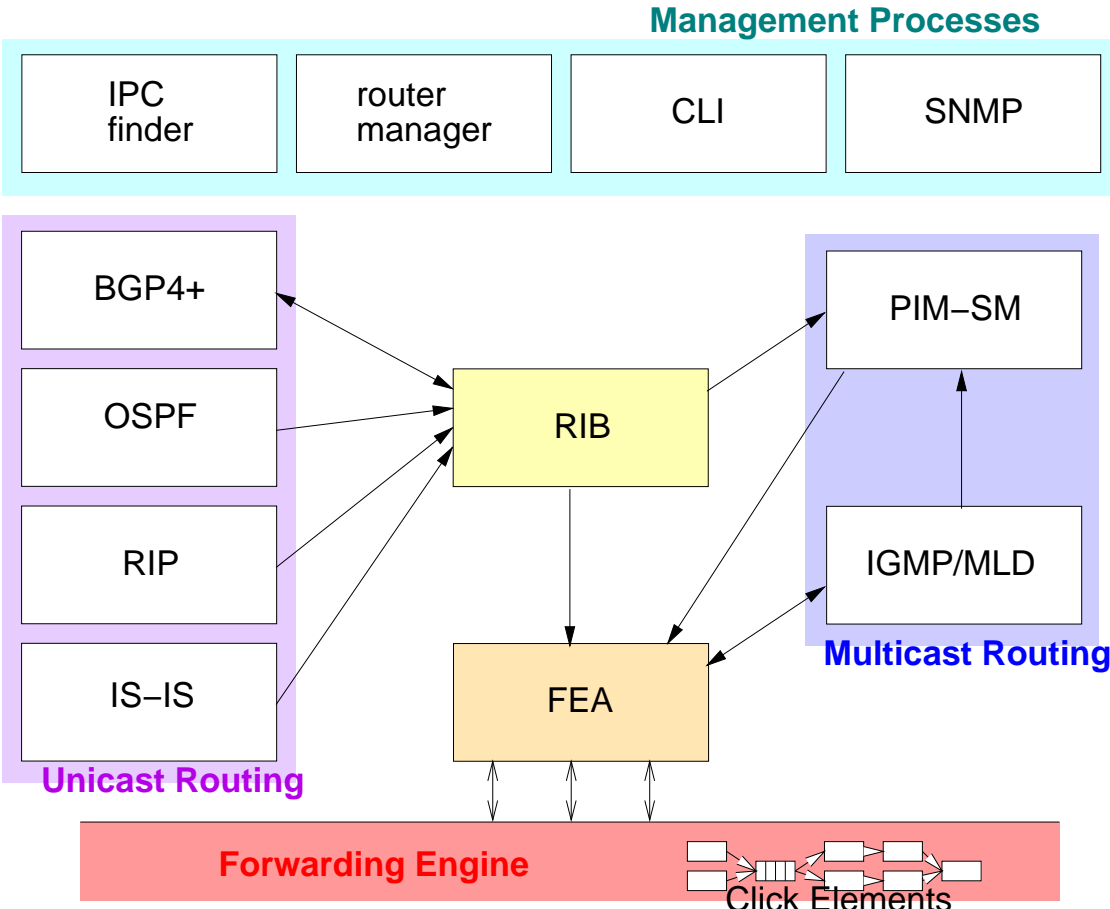
Objective

- To replace edge routers with commodity PCs running software forwarding, thus enabling innovation and research.
 - A low end router (350Mhz MIPS processor) can only forward 4000 packets per second.
 - A high end PC with dual PCI busses can forward 40000 packets per second.

Deployments

- PlanetLab testbed for DARPA control plane project (September 2004)

Architecture



RIB = routing information base
FEA = forwarding engine abstraction

Design 1

- Object oriented design in C++.
- Each routing protocol is a separate process.
- XORP's own interprocess communication (XRLs)
 - Processes can be run on any host.
 - Routing protocols under development can be in separate host.
 - XRLs can be invoked from scripting language for easy testing.

Design 2

- All routing/forwarding interactions with the operating system are performed through the Forwarding Engine (FEA).
 - Allows distributed or offboard forwarding.
 - Simplifies porting to new operating systems.
 - Eases construction of a XORP simulation environment.
- The router manager is a fully configurable entity responsible for process management.

Extensibility

- One of the major goals of the project is extensibility
 - Allowing deployment in testbeds such as PlanetLab
 - Enabling Research in new or current protocols

Supported Platforms

- FreeBSD
- Linux
- Mac OS X 10.3 (no FEA)

Completed Components

- BGP4+, Full AFI/SAFI support (IPv6 - Multicast route filters)
- PIM-SM, IGMP (v1 and v2) / MLD (IPv6) v1
- RIPv2 and RIPv6
- SNMP using net-snmp
 - BGP-4 mib (RFC 1657).

Expected end of 2004

- Integration with Click and Planetlab for DARPA co project.
- Route filters.
- Porting of John Moy's OSPF code completed.
- IS-IS implementation with basic functionality.

Possible Future Work

- Firewall integration (forwarding filters)
- Intel network processor (IXP2400) port.
- Distributed router.

Possible Future Research

- Security (integration with intrusion detection systems)
- XORP Simulation environment.
 - An environment that allows the development of protocols or features. With the added benefit that the code will work with a real XORP router.
- Next generation routing protocols.

Why choose XORP?

- 1.0 Release Candidate (June 3rd)
- Full IPv6 and Multicast support
- Designed for extensibility
- Ideal research platform
- Multiprocess architecture allows construction of routers
- Architecture supports high performance network

Summary

A XORP based PC router will out perform low end
The proprietary router market will be opened up e
innovation and research.

www.xorp.org